BALKAN INVESTIGATIVE REPORTING NETWORK

(BIRN) Pristina - Kosovo

AUDIT REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

Pristina, 29 April 2020



INDIPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the:

- Steering Board and
- Executive Director of Balkan Investigative Reporting Network (BIRN Kosovo)

Pristina - Kosovo

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Balkan Investigative Reporting Network (BIRN Kosovo) which include the statement of financial position statements as at December 31, 2019 and 2018, Statements of Comprehensive income and the Statement of Cash flow for the year ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of the significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the, the accompanying financial statements present fairly in all material respects the financial position of BIRN Kosovo as of December 31, 2019 as well as its financial performance and cash flow for the year that ended in accordance with accounting policies and procedures disclosed in the Note 2 to the accompanying financial statements and Law 04/L-57, "On Freedom of Association in Non-governmental Organisations".

The Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Kosovo, and we have fulfilled our other responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Governance and Governance Responsibilities with regard to the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparing and fair presentation of financial statements in accordance with the accounting basis disclosed in Note 2 to the financial and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable preparation of a statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organisation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organisation's financial reporting process.





N.Sh. "Balluku & Zhaveli", General Partnership

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
 obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for
 one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
 misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Balluku & Zhaveli Prishtina, Kosova

Balluku & Zhaveli

Tomorr Zhaveli Legal Auditor Prishtina, 29 April 2020

Balkan Investigative Reporting Network ("BIRN Kosovo")

(Amounts in Euro)

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDES 31 DECEMBER 2019

Devenue	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
Revenues from government grants and other grants		
Income from donations and subvention	1,481,268	901,027
income from business activities	•	-
Profits from the sale of assets		
Other		
Total Revenue	1 404 250	
Cook of and a little and	1,481,268	901,027
Cost of goods sold / cost of services provided		-
xpenditures for project implementation	(617,345)	(350,891)
Staff and contractor costs	(738,003)	(526,115)
Depreciation costs	(31,516)	(23,391)
perational and administrative costs ad debts expenses	(16,251)	(8,780)
other expenses		-
Costs for research and development	(3,338)	(2,796)
osses from the sale of assets		-
Operating surpluses/(deficit)	-	-
	(1,406,453)	(911,973)
inancial expenses		
inancial income	-	
urplus/(Deficit) before tax (if applicable)	0	0
ax on Profit		
urplus/(Deficit) for the year		-
	74,814	(10,946)
eturn of unused grants		
orrections of previous years		
urplus/(Deficit) at the end of the year	74,814	(10,946)

These financial statements have been approved and signed on behalf of the management

on 29/04/2020

Ms. Jeta Xharra

Executive Director

Ms. Yllka Hoxha

Finance Manager

Balkan Investigative Reporting Network ("BIRN Kosovo")

(Amounts in Euro)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AT 31 DECEMBER 2019

	31 December 2019	31 December
ASSETS	2019	2018
Current assets		
Cash and Cash equivalents	805,604	800,118
Financial Investment and other	-	000,118
Commercial and other accounts receivable	406,580	503,869
Project prepayments	133,340	95,422
Inventory	-	55,722
Other assets		
Total current assets	1,345,524	1,399,409
Non-current assets		_/555/465
Financial Investment and other		
Property, equipment and plants	105,714	20.000
Intangible Assets	105,714	30,899
Other long-term assets		-
Total non-current assets	105,714	20 900
Total assets	1,451,238	30,899 1,430,308
Liabilities and Fund balance Current liabilities	_, 10 _, 230	1,430,308
Accounts payables and other payables Financial liabilities, short-term	40,756	3,384
Provisions, Reserves	- ·	
Deferred income-grants not earned		-
Other Liabilities	1,304,769	1,396,025
Total short-term liabilities	-	-
	1,345,525	1,399,409
Long-term liabilities		
Financial liabilities, long-term Deferred tax liabilities		
	•	-
Deferred income - grants not earned Total long-term liabilities	<u> </u>	-
Total liabilities	0	0
	1,345,525	1,399,409
Fund Balance		
The fund a t beginning of the year	30,899	41,846
Excess / (decrease) of the year	74,814	(10,946)
Net Fund balance	105,713	30,899
Total Liabilities and fund balance	1,451,238	1,430,308

These financial statements have been approved and signed on behalf of the management

on 29/04/2020

Ms. Jeta Xharra

Executive Director

Ms. Yllka Hoxha

Finance Manager

Balkan Investigative Reporting Network ("BIRN Kosovo")

(Amounts in Euro)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

I. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATIONG ACTIVITIES:	2019	2018	
Excess / (Deficit) at the end of the year	74,814	(10,947)	
Adjustments for non-cash items of expenses and revenues			
Depreciation of property, equipment and plants	31,516	23,392	
Changes in Assets and Operating Liabilities			
(Increase) / decrease in account Receivables and other (Increase) / decrease in other assets - Prepayments	97,289	83,729	
Increase / (decrease) in Accounts payable and other	(37,918)	(80, 267)	
Increase / decrease in accounts of deferred revenues	37,372 (91,257)	3,384	
	5,486	92,848 99,693	
I. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATIONG ACTIVITIES	111,817	112,138	
II. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchase of Property, equipment and plants	(106,331)	(12,445)	
II. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(106,331)	(12,445)	
III. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
III. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	<u> </u>	N=	
TOTAL TRANSPORTER	-	-	
INCREASE/(DECREASE) OF NET CASH AND CASH EQUIVALNTES	5,486	99,693	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALNTES AT BEGENING	800,118	700,426	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALNTES AT END	805,604	800,118	

